

## **House II Mandorlo**

In the village of **Oschiri** we offer a semi-detached **house** with walls in local **trachyte-stone**, and a **century old fire place**. Completely **to be restored**.



1 – House Il Mandorlo in Oschiri Sardinia: back garden

## a fascinating challenge, if you love traditional materials!

In **Oschiri**, in the province of **Olbia-Tempio**, between the **centre** and the outskirt of the village, **House II Mandorlo** is a **semi-detached house** with a 30 sqm **courtyard**, **walls** in local **trachyte-stone**, and **floors** in **wood**.

## trachyte-stone, wood, a courtyard with dry stone walls

House Il Mandorlo has 90 sqm on two levels.

One **side** of the house is **in front on the street** and has **floors and roof in a good state** both on the ground and on the upper floor; **roof and floors of the back side** of house, on the contrary, are **to be restored**.

Arches and architraves are in trachyte-stone and the fireplace is dates back to the 19th century, and is perfectly working.

In the courtyard, with dry stone walls, there is a century old almond tree.

The whole building can be completely restored so to emphasize building materials (such as trachyte, stone, wood).

**Near Oschiri** you find **many wonderful natural areas** that surround the Lake Coghinas and the feet of Mount Limbara.

Along the SS199 from Olbia to Sassari, Oschiri is 22 km from Ozieri, **46 km from Olbia**, **50 km from Sassari**, 35 Km. from Tempio, and **40 km from the sea**.

Energy Class G. IPE> 175 kWh / sq m year - data awaiting certification.

Price. euro 25.000.

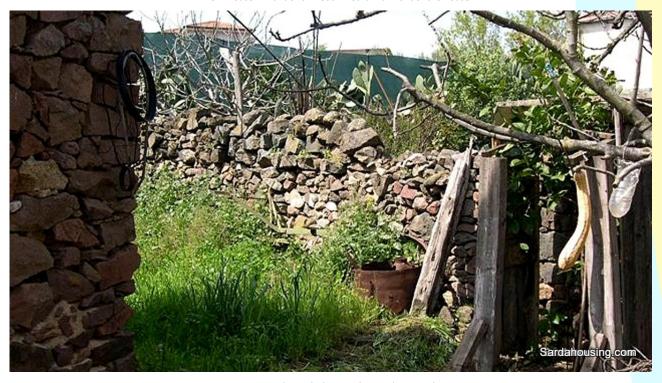
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2 – House II Mandorlo in Oschiri Sardinia: front of the house



3 – House II Mandorlo in Oschiri Sardinia: front of the house



4 – House Il Mandorlo in Oschiri Sardinia: garden



5 – House II Mandorlo in Oschiri Sardinia: interiors



6– House II Mandorlo in Oschiri Sardinia: original granite floors



7 – House II Mandorlo in Oschiri Sardinia: original fireplace

## Oschiri short info

Oschiri in the **province of Olbia-Tempio** is **280 m. above sea level** in the **valley** floor of the **Limbara-Lernone** in **Logudoro**, bordering the Gallura.

The territory is **morphologically quite varied**, with heights up to 1,023 m.

In an area of livestock farming and viticulture, Oschiri remains essentially a village of farmers and stockbreeders, with some developing in the food and dairy industry.

Quite **recently** the discovery of **tourist potential** of the area has resulted in a good variety of options for restaurants and accommodation.

Noteworthy in the field of **gastronomy**, besides the bread **"carasau"** and the genuine **pecorino cheese**, is the typical dish of the village, **"sa panada"**, i.e. baskets of pasta stuffed with meat and herbs. In late August the "sagra of panada" is organized by the municipality and the producers.

The several archaeological findings around the village are evidence of the **human presence** in the territory **since the Nuragic age**. Must-see, if you want to dive into the magical world of our ancestors, is the **rocky altar** which is located in front of the church of **S. Stefano**, in a grove north of Oschiri.

The village of Oschiri was founded in the Middle Ages on the ruins of the Roman fortress of Castrum and the medieval village of Oppidum Octi.

Its ancient origins are proved by various **Romanesque churches**, and some of them, just outside Oschiri, are really worth a visit, such as the Church of St. Demetrius, 1158, and the medieval church of Our Lady of Castro and of Our Lady of Otti, both belonging to disappeared villages.



The **old centre** of the village, an interesting destination for fans of the history of architecture, is characterized by **narrow streets**, sometimes paved in stone, and **large low houses** built with local stone. Some buildings still have windows in Gothic-Aragonese style, with elegant monolithic cornices, and carved lintels above the entrance doors.

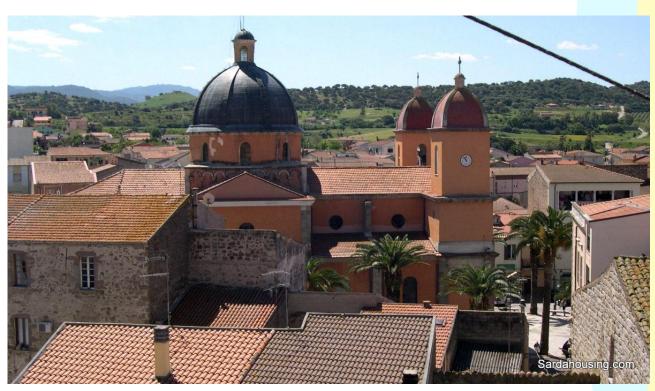
**Nature lovers** cannot fail to visit two beautiful examples of **unspoiled nature**, such as the area of reforestation **Su Filigosu** and the wild area of the slopes of **Mount Limbara**.

Visitors of **Su Filigosu** will discover, on foot or by bike, an area that is inhabited by wildlife typical of the area, rich in various species of mushrooms, and scattered with archaeological remains of prehistoric times (Domus de Janas, Dolmen, Tombs of the Giants and nuraghi), all in a good state and accessible.

Another interesting area is around the **river Coghinas**, the **Thermos of the Romans** and the third longest river in Sardinia. The river originates in the municipality of Bolotana and flows from south to north for some 123 km. to the Gulf of Asinara, in Valledoria.

The power station in the artificial **lake on the river Coghinas**, which belongs to Oschiri, began working in 1937, and was the first station in cave in Italy. The coasts of the lake, where you can enjoy boating, fishing and water sports, are an attraction for bird watchers.

Along the coasts there are also the **necropolis of Pedredu** and the centre of Pianas Sa Murighessa with the church of San Leonardo, which belonged to the **disappeared village Golianuti** and is located on a high hilltop, at the foot of the Mount Limbara.



Oschiri Sardinia – a view of the village